

MOUNTING AND INSTRUCTION MANUAL DK series

State-of-the-art technology digital calendar clock



Certification of the Producer

STANDARDS

The digital calendar clock DK has been developed and produced in accordance with the EU Standards 2004 / 108 / EG and 2006 / 95 / EG: Applied Standards: mod IEC 60950-1:2005 + IEC-1:2005/Cor.1:2006-08 EN 55022:1998,+A1:2000,+A2:2003,+Cor.2:2003, class B EN 61000-3-2:2000 EN 61000-3-3:1995, Cor. 1:1997, A1:2001

References to the Instruction Manual

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- 2. This Instruction Manual has been composed with the utmost care, in order to explain all details in respect of the operation of the product. Should you, nevertheless, have questions or discover errors on this manual, please contact us.
- 3. We do not answer for direct or indirect damages, which could occur, when using this Manual.
- 4. Please read the instructions carefully and only start setting-up the product, after you have correctly understood all the information for the installation and operation.
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1 Description

Clock simultaneously displays time and date information • one single display unit can be selected to alternate between 3 different languages • support for more than 20 languages for date information • autonomous operation with internal quartz powered from mains • NTP multicast or unicast synchronization in Ethernet or WiFi network powered over PoE or mains powered • slave clock operation in wireless WTD system based on a transmitter which sends the time signal • slave clock operation controlled by self-setting MOBALine code mains powered • slave clock operation controlled by built-in RS 232, RS 485 or IRIG-B interface, mains powered • LED display in red, green, yellow and blue • single or double-sided clock • ceiling suspension or wall bracket mounting for double as well as single-sided clock • IP 40

Basic properties

- digit height of 57 mm, which corresponds to readability distance of approx. 25 meters, character height 30 mm (36 mm including diacritics)
- color of the digits: red or green, yellow and blue on request
- manual or automatic setting of the LED display light intensity
- anti-reflex front cover acrylic glass which prevents light reflection and improves the digit readability
- single-sided or double-sided design, for wall mounting (for single-sided clock design, only), or to be suspended on ceiling or fixed to a side kick up console
- depth of single-sided clock design only 39 mm or 78 mm for the double-sided design)
- clock frame made of anodized aluminum profiles, in black or silver color. Any other RAL tint or imitation of various materials (wood, marble...) on request
- clock setting carried out remotely or using two push-buttons, the latter installed at the upper part of the frame
- autonomous, quartz controlled time base with the possibility of synchronization using the following: DCF 77 radio signal, 24 V minute impulses, the MOBATIME serial code, MOBALine, RS 232, RS 485, IRIG-B or GPS
- NTP multicast or unicast synchronization in Ethernet or unicast synchronization in WiFi network powered over PoE or mains powered
- configuration / supervision by means of MOBA-NMS software or SNMP protocol
- slave clock operation in wireless WTD system (868 MHz) based on a transmitter which broadcasts the time signal
- possibility to set up the world time zones with indication of the time shift (DST) for the particular time zone. Control over the DCF receiver or the master clock

The clocks

- time display in 12 or 24 hour cycle; four-digit (HH:MM) or six-digit (HH:MM:SS) format.
- display of weekday 3 characters
- characters display of month name 8 characters
- possibility of leading zero suppression when displaying the time and date.
- temperature indication (providing the temperature sensor is connected) in °C or °F.
- alternating indication of time, date and temperature, with adjustable period of each of the displayed data.

Stopwatch

- counting up, starting from zero, up to 99 hours;
- countdown from a set up value, with stop at zero, automatic restart or counting to negative values;
- indication of intermediate times, "freezing" of the display, cumulated interim time;
- counting in steps of one minute, one second or 1/100 second;
- control using the keyboard or IR remote control;
- concurrently, possibility of changeover into the time/date display mode, or the temperature indication.

Accessories

- DCF 77 signal receiver
- temperature sensor with protection degree IP 66
- keyboard for stopwatch control, connected via 5 m cable
- remote IR controller for clock set up and stopwatch control

On request

- internal relay relay can switch for specified duration, when the stopwatch in the countdown mode reach the zero.
- protection degree IP 54

2 Assembly

The connection to the 110/230 V AC power network can only be done by authorized personnel with appropriate qualification and training.

Danger of electric shock when dismounting the cover with warning triangle.

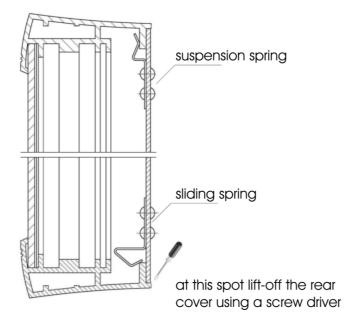
2.1 Single-sided clock

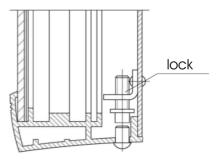
- The frame is fixed using two suspensions (at the above) and two sliding springs (at the bottom). Lift-off the anchoring plate using a screwdriver inserted in between the sheet and the frame at the sliding spring point on the clock bottom side (chapter 2.3).
- Disconnect the interconnecting cables by decoupling the terminals on the control PCB.
- Drill three anchoring holes into the wall, of a diameter adequate to accommodate wood-type screws of 4 to 5 mm diameter. As a template for marking the position of the holes the anchoring plate can be used.
- Interlace the incoming conductors through the opening in the anchoring plate and fix the sheet to the wall.
- Connect the incoming conductors in accordance with the descriptive sheet on the terminal board, placed on the anchoring plate (chapter 2.5). Give the conductors an appropriate shape or cut them off to a length that will not obstruct the placement of the clock onto the anchoring plate.
- Mount the connectors to the cable of the temperature sensor, to the keyboard cable, Ethernet or to the RS 232 and RS 485 interface cables, if these have been delivered.
- Push the temperature sensor connector, the keyboard connector, Ethernet connector or the RS 232 and RS 485 jacks into the corresponding terminals on the control PCB (chapter 2.6 and 2.9). Check the marking of the jack-plugs, in order to prevent their mix-up.
- Connect the interconnecting cables into the corresponding terminals on the clock control PCB.
- Put the clock opposite to the anchoring plate and suspend it onto the upper springs. Care should be taken when placing the cables between the frame edge and the anchoring plate, so as not to nip them. Snap the clock in onto the springs by pushing on the lower part of the frame.
- Check whether the anchoring plate on the sides fits exactly into the groove in the clock frame.
- Remove the blind cap from the opening on the clock bottom side.
- Insert Allen key into the opening on the bottom side of the clock. Turn the key softly in anticlockwise direction. The frame catch will snap in.
- Replace the blind cap on the opening.
- To loosen the frame catch, use the reverse procedure (turn clockwise).

2.2 Double-sided clock

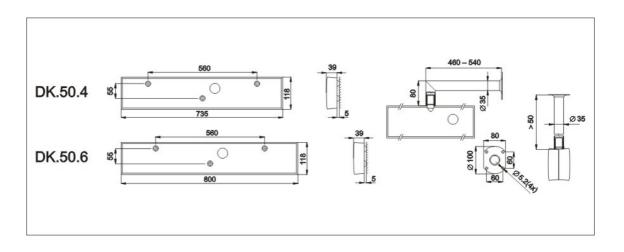
The double-sided clock consists of two parts, one serving as the control module (this one encompasses the jacks to connect powering voltage, synchronization source, the temperature sensor and the keyboard to the clock), and the other serving as the display module (with the terminal for the connection of the interconnecting cable). Both clock parts are interconnected via a 10-core flat cable. The clock suspension part is delivered separately.

- Interlace the incoming conductors through the pipe which serves as the clock suspension. Secure the ceiling suspension (or the side console) to the ceiling (or the wall), using 4 wood screws of 5 mm diameter.
- The frame is fixed using two suspensions (at the above) and two sliding springs (at the bottom). Lift-off both parts of the clock from the anchoring plate using a screwdriver inserted in between the sheet and the frame at the point where there are the sliding springs on the clock bottom side (chapter 2.3).
- Disconnect the interconnecting cables by decoupling the terminals on the control PCB.
- Interlace the incoming conductors through the pipe insert on the anchoring plate, to the side which finds itself to the opposite of the terminal board. Slip-on the plate onto the suspension in a way that the screws fit into the upper groove on the pipe insert. Fix the connection by tightening the screw using an Allen key.
- Interlace the incoming conductors through the opening located next to the terminal board, and connect the conductors to the terminal board on the anchoring plate, in accordance with the descriptive nameplate (chapter 2.5). Give an appropriate shape to the conductors or cut them off at a length which does not obstruct the mounting of the clock onto the anchoring plate.
- Mount the connectors to the cable of the temperature sensor, to the keyboard cable, Ethernet cable or the RS 232 and RS 485 interface connectors, if these have been delivered.
- Place the display part of the clock to the anchoring plate, at a position which is opposite to the terminal board, and suspend this part onto the upper springs. Interlace the 10-core interconnecting cable through the lower opening which finds itself at the closest to the terminal board on the anchoring plate.
- Care should be taken when placing the cables between the frame edge and the anchoring plate, so as not to nip them. Snap the clock onto the springs by pushing on the lower frame part.
- Push the temperature sensor connector, the keyboard connector, Ethernet connector or the RS 232 and RS 485 jacks into the corresponding terminals on the control PCB (chapter 2.6). Check the marking of the jack-plugs, in order to prevent their mix-up.
- Connect the 10-core interconnecting cable and the interconnecting cables into the corresponding plugs on the clock control PCB.
- Put the control part of the clock opposite to the anchoring plate and suspend it onto the upper springs. Care should be taken when placing the cables between the frame edge and the anchoring plate, so as not to nip them. Snap the clock in onto the springs by pushing on the lower part of the frame.
- Check whether the anchoring plate on the sides fits exactly into the grooves established in both parts of the calendar digital clock (these must be pushed against each other in a way to mask the anchorage plate (after placing the parts the plate shall not be seen).
- Remove the blind cap from the opening on the both lower sides of clock.
- Insert Allen key into the opening on the lower side of the clock. Turn the key softly in anticlockwise direction. The frame catch will snap in. Secure both parts of the clock.
- Replace the blind cap on the opening.
- Loosen the screws on the suspension using Allen key, and lift the clock into the suspension in a way that the screws fit into the lower groove on the pipe insert. Secure the attachment by tightening the screw using the Allen key.
- To loosen the frame catch use the reverse procedure (turn clockwise).
- Note: during the disassembly first withdraw the clock, and suspend the suspension on the upper groove at the pipe insert.

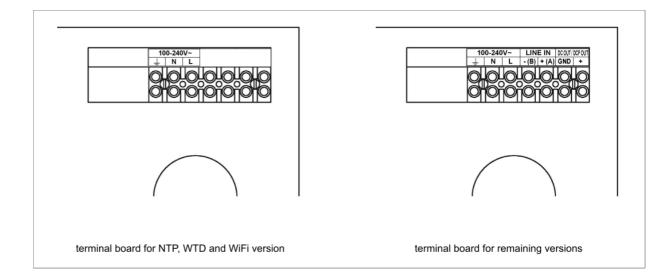


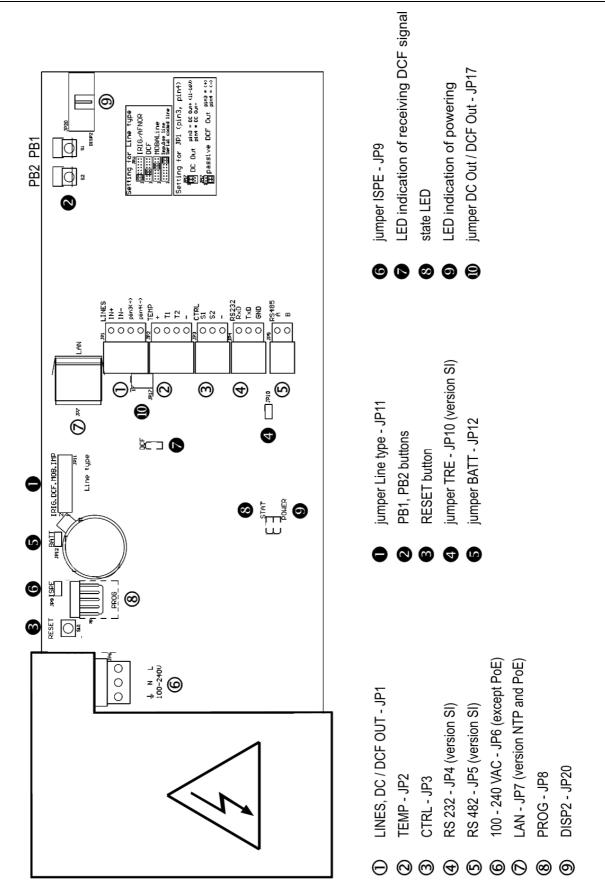


2.4 Assembly diagram



- the anchorage plate does include the interconnecting terminal block, and provides for an easy assembly in two steps
- type length of the ceiling suspensions; 5, 10, 30, 50 cm





① LINES, DC/DCF OUT – JP1	time signal inputs: The DCF/GPS receiver, polarized impulse line, MOBALine, MOBATIME serial code, IRIG-B, power supply output: DC OUT 11–19 V or passive DCF current loop output
② TEMP – JP2	connection of the temperature sensor(s)
3 CTRL – JP3	connection of the keyboard
④ RS232 – JP4 (optional)	connection of the RS232 serial line
S RS485 – JP5 (optional)	connection of the RS485 serial line
6 100 – 240VAC – JP6	powering 100 - 240 VAC voltage
⑦ LAN - JP7 (optional)	RJ45 10BaseT/100TX (IEEE 802.3)
	auto negotiation
8 PROG – JP8	clock firmware programming
ISP2 – JP20	connection of the second side
Image:	switching contact (except DK.57.4)

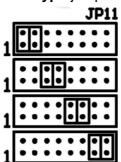
IRIG / AFNOR

MOBALine

DCF

2.8 Setting elements

• Line type jumper – JP11



- ❷ PB1, PB2
- RESET
- TRE jumper JP10 (optional)
- **BATT** jumper JP12
- ISPE jumper JP9
- DCF LED
- STATE LED
- **POWER** LED
- ${\small \textcircled{0}}$ jumper DC Out / DCF Out JP17 Output signal setting on pins 3, 4



for the setting of the slave line type

(Un)polarized impulse line MOBATIME serial code

backup battery connection

RS485 terminating resistor enable

invoking the firmware programming mode indication of receiving the DCF signal

control pushbuttons

the **RESET** button

state indication

power indication

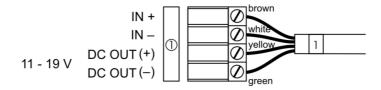


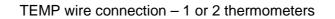
pin3 = DC Out + (11-19 V) pin4 = DC Out -



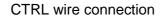
passive DCF Out pin4 = (-)

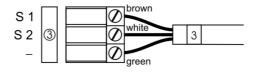
Installation LINES / DC OUT wire connection



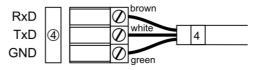




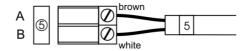




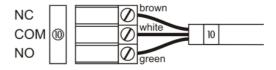
RS232 wire connection



RS485 wire connection



RELAY connection



3 Control of the clock using keyboard or pushbuttons

The clock is adjusted and controlled using two pushbuttons located at the upper side of the clock frame. If you use a keyboard for setting the stopwatch, use the pushbuttons **PB1** and **PB2** for the clock setting.

Abbreviations used for the key strokes

PB1L, PB2L	pushing the pushbutton for more than 1 second
PB1S, PB2S	pushing the pushbutton for less than 1 second

Function of the pushbuttons in the "Clock" mode

PB1S PB2S	time correction to the whole minute (±30 sec) changeover of the displayed items
PB1L	Time -> date -> temperature -> stopwatch -> time entry into the time and date setting mode
PB2L	entry into the clock menu

3.1 Setting of time and date

The setting of time and calendar date takes place in following steps: year – days – months – hours – minutes. The entry into the time and date setting mode occurs by pushing the **PB1L** pushbutton.

The display shows the following:

		••••		
		• · · · · •	• · · · · • •	The
	0000			is no
	•••			1511

The item to be adjusted is now blinking.

Move to another item by pushing the **PB1S** pushbutton. After having adjusted the minutes and by pushing **PB1S**, the entered values are stored (the seconds are set to zero) and the operation of the clock resumes. The clock returns into normal working mode.

Note: When the time zone of displayed time and date (menu item **P7**) is set to the values U1 - U7 or U, the entered time and date is taken as UTC.

Function of the pushbuttons in the "Time and date setting" mode.

- PB1S advancement to another item to be set up
- **PB2S** increase of the item to be set up by 1
- **PB2L** continuous increase of the current item

3.2 Menu for the setting of the clock parameters

The entry into the parameter setup menu is done by pushing the **PB2L** button.

The display shows the following:



The item to be adjusted is now blinking

The options for the parameter setup are shown in the clock menu table (chapter 5).

Function of the pushbuttons in the setup menu mode

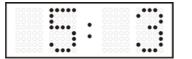
- **PB1S** storage of the current item and move to another menu item
- **PB1L** storage of values and return into normal display mode, or entry into the submenu, where it is permitted by the program
- **PB2S** increase of the current item by 1
- PB2L continuous increase of the current item

3.2.1 Submenu for user-specific setting of time constants for data switchover

In menu item **P2** (time constants for automatic switching over of values), set the value **U**, then enter the submenu by pushing **PB1L**. The item to be set is blinking.

By pushing the **PB2S** button, the adjusted value is increased in steps of 1, by pushing the **PB2L** button, the value will be continuously increased.

The display shows the following:



Enter the time constant for the display of time in seconds. Push the **PB1S** button and enter the constant for date display in seconds.

Push the **PB1S** pushbutton.

The display shows the following:

••••		•••••
	0	
00000	•	•0000
○●●● ○		

Enter the time constant for the display of temperature in seconds. Push the **PB1S** pushbutton and enter the constant for stopwatch display in seconds.

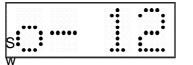
By pushing the PB1L button, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item P2.

3.2.2 Submenu for setting of the user-specific time zone

Choose the value **U** in the item **P7** (time zone displaying) in the clock menu, then enter the submenu for setting the parameters of the user-specific time zone by pushing the **PB1L** pushbutton. The item to be set is blinking.

By pushing the **PB2S** button, the adjusted value is increased in steps of 1, by pushing the **PB2L** button, the value will be continuously increased.

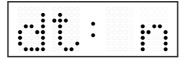
The display shows the following (example: -12 hours):



Enter the offset of the required time zone compared to UTC time within -12 to +12 hours. Decimal point means 0.5 hour.

Switch over to setting the way of setting daylight saving time (DST) by pushing PB1S.

The display shows the following:



Possibility: n - no DST is used F - DST defined by fixed date C - DST defined by calculated date

DST defined by fixed date and time

If the value **F** is set in the item **dt:**, enter the submenu for entering fixed date and time by pushing **PB1L**.

The item to be set is blinking. By pushing the **PB2S** button, the adjusted value is increased in steps of 1, by pushing the **PB2L** button, the value will be continuously increased.

Symbols on the display:

Fh change to summer time; entry of the hour at daylight saving beginsbh shift back; entry of the hour at daylight saving ends

The display shows the following:



Enter the hour at which the daylight saving time begins.

Push PB1S.

The display shows the following:

		• 00000 00000 00000	
•••••	••••	00000	

Enter the day of the month. Push **PB1S**. Enter the month in which the daylight saving time begins.

Push PB1S.

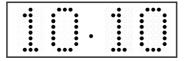
The display shows the following:



Adjust the hour at which the daylight saving time ends.

Push PB1S.

The display shows the following:



Enter the day of the month. Push **PB1S**. Enter the month in which the daylight saving time ends.

The daylight saving time has been set to start on April 28th at 2 o'clock and to end on October 10th at 3 o'clock in the example described above.

Save the setting by pushing PB1L and return to item dt:. Return to the clock menu item P7 with another push of the PB1L button.

DST defined by calculated date

If the value **C** is set in item dt:, enter the submenu for the calculated date by pushing PB1L.

The item to be set is blinking. By pushing **PB2S**, the adjusted value is increased in steps of 1, by pushing the **PB2L** button, the value will be continuously increased.

Symbols in the display:

F change to summer time setting the time back b

Scope of the setting:

Week	1 4., L (the last one), P (last but one)
	and H (first after 15 th day in the month)
Day of the week	1. – 7. (Mo – Su)
Month	1. – 12.

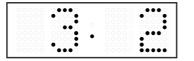
The display shows the following:



Enter the week in which the daylight saving time begins. Push PB1S. Enter the day of the week at which the daylight saving time begins.

Push PB1S.

The display shows the following:



Enter the month in which the daylight saving time begins. Push **PB1S.** Enter the hour at which the daylight saving time begins.

Push PB1S.

The display shows the following:

00000		
00000		

Enter the week in which the daylight saving time ends. Push **PB1S**. Enter the day of the week at which the daylight saving time ends.

Push PB1S.

The display shows the following:



Enter the month in which the daylight saving time ends. Push **PB1S**. Enter the hour at which the daylight saving time ends.

The daylight saving time has been set to start on the last Sunday in March at 2 o'clock and to end on the last Sunday in October at 3 o'clock in the above described example.

Save the setting by pushing **PB1L** and return to the item **dt**:. Return to the clock menu item P7 with another push of the PB1L button.

3.2.3 Submenu for network services configuration

Choose the value 2 or 3 in the item P19 (network work mode selection) in the clock menu, then enter the submenu by pushing the **PB1L** pushbutton for configuring the network services (Multicast support in unicast work mode, SNMP service, Telnet service). The item to be set is blinking.

The display shows the following:

|--|--|--|--|--|

Set value **1** for enabling the multicast support in the unicast work mode or value **0** for disabling it by pushing the **PB2S**.

Switch to the next parameter – SNMP communication support by pushing the **PB1S**. The display shows the **Sn: 1**. Set value **1** for enabling the SNMP support or value **0** for disabling it by pushing the **PB2S**.

Switch to the next parameter – Telnet support by pushing the **PB1S**. The display shows the **tn: 1**. Set value **1** for enabling the telnet support or value **0** for disabling it by pushing the **PB2S**.

By pushing **PB1L** save the setting and return to item **P19**.

3.2.4 Manual setting of the IP address of the clock

Choose the item **P20** in the main menu and push the **PB1L** button to enter the submenu for setting the IP address. The item to be set is blinking. By pushing **PB2S**, the adjusted digit value is increased in steps of 1, by pushing the **PB2L** button, the value will be continuously increased.

The display shows the following:

	0000		
		• ` ` ` •	• ` ` ` •
• • •	0000	• • • •	00000
• • •	00000		00000
• • • •	00000		
	00000	00000	•000c
• • • •	00000	• • • • •	. • 0 0 0 C
• •			

Enter the four octets of the IP address step by step. Switch to next digit or octet respectively by pushing the **PB1S**. Octets are marked by letters **A**, **b**, **C** and **d**.

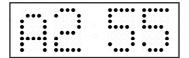
By pushing the **PB1L** button, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item **P20.**

3.2.5 Manual setting of the subnet mask

Choose the item **P21** in the main menu and push the **PB1L** button to enter the submenu for setting the subnet mask. The item to be set is blinking.

By pushing **PB2S**, the adjusted value is increased in steps of 1, by pushing the **PB2L** button, the value will be continuously increased.

The display shows the following:

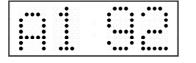


Enter the four octets of the subnet mask step by step. Switch to the next octet by pushing the **PB1S** button. Octets are marked by letters **A**, **b**, **C** and **d**.

By pushing the **PB1L** button, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item **P21.**

3.2.6 Manual setting of default gateway IP address

Choose item **P22** in the main menu and push the **PB1L** button to enter the submenu for setting the default gateway IP address. The item to be set is blinking. By pushing **PB2S** the adjusted digit value is increased in steps of 1, by pushing the **PB2L** button the value will be continuously increased.



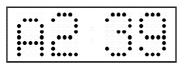
Enter the four octets of the gateway IP address step by step. Switch to the next digit or octet respectively by pushing the **PB1S** button. Octets are marked by letters **A**, **b**, **C** and **d**.

By pushing the **PB1L** button, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item **P22.**

3.2.7 Submenu for setting the multicast group address

Choose the menu item **P23** and then enter the submenu by pushing the **PB1L** pushbutton for setting the multicast group address. The item to be set is blinking. By pushing the **PB2S** button, the adjusted digit value is increased in steps of 1; by pushing the **PB2L** button, a continuous increase of the value takes place.

The display shows the following:



Enter the four octets of the IP address step by step. Switch to the next digit or octet respectively by pushing the **PB1S** button. Octets are marked by the letters **A**, **b**, **C** and **d**.

By pushing the PB1L button, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item P23.

3.2.8 Submenu for the setting of the NTP unicast synchronization

Choose the menu item **P24** then enter the submenu by pushing the **PB1L** pushbutton for setting the parameters of the NTP unicast synchronization. The item to be set is blinking.

By pushing the **PB2S** button, the adjusted digit value is increased in steps of 1; by pushing the **PB2L** button, the value will be continuously increased.

The display shows the following:

	0000	•••	
		• • • • •	
• ` ` •	0000		00000
• • •	0000	U 00000	00000
0000	00000		
	00000	0 00000	
	0000	•000•	

Set the four octets of the NTP server's IP address step by step. Switch to the next digit or octet respectively by pushing the **PB1S** button. Octets are marked by letters **A**, **b**, **C** and **d**.

After the last octet setting, set the constant \mathbf{x} which determines the interval of synchronization in seconds.

By pushing the **PB1L** button, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item **P24.**

Note: Through the setup menu is possible to set only one NTP server IP address. If more than one NTP server addresses were previously configured (using telnet or MOBA-NMS tool), after opening the **P24** submenu the IP address of currently active NTP server is displayed. When the IP address was modified and the configuration is saved using the setup menu, the IP address is stored to the definition of the first NTP server, the other NTP server addresses are cleared including those defined by the NTP server domain names.

3.2.9 Temperature description and time-zone names definition (MENU page no. 2)

Choose the items **R8** or **R9** for temperature description or the items **R10 – R14** for time-zone names definition in the menu page no. 2 and push the **PB1L** button to enter

the submenu for text definition. After entering the edit mode the cursor is blinking. By pushing **PB2S** available characters are listed (see chapter 16 for character set table). Press **PB1S** to move to next position and select next character. For fast listing through the characters the **PB2L** push can be used.

The description of temperature can have up to 5 characters, the time-zone name up to 8.

Ex.: Editing of the text – temperature no. 1 description "OUT"

In MENU page no. 2 select the item **R8** by pressing **PB1S**. By pressing **PB2S** set the value to **Y**. By pressing **PB1L** enter the text editing mode.

The display shows the following:



The cursor blinks on the first position, by pressing **PB2S** set the character **O**, press the **PB1S** and the display shows:



-> with **PB2S** set **U** -> **PB1S** -> the cursor blinks on the 3rd position -> with **PB2S** set **T** -> pushing the **PB1S** two times move to the last character -> with next push of **PB1S** save the edited text and move to next MENU item (R9 – temperature no. 2 description). For closing the menu mode move to item **R0** and press **PB1L**. The clock returns to normal mode.

4 Control of the clock using IR remote control

A 2-digit address is assigned to the clock. With the IR remote control the clock can be locked. The setting of time, date and the clock parameters can only take place at clocks in an unlocked state.

Function of the pushbuttons in normal display mode

pushing F1 + entry of 2-digit address, using numerical pushbuttons	unlock the clock with the corresponding address
holding down F1 button	unlock all clocks within the reach of the IR beam of the remote control unit
holding down F2 button	lock all clocks within the reach of the IR beam of the remote control unit
holding down F3 button	display the address of all locked clocks within the reach of the IR beam of the remote control

Function of the pushbuttons in the "Clock" operation mode

SET	entry into the time and date setting mode
The + button	button brightness increase (not applicable when
	P0 is set to A)
The - button	button brightness decrease (not applicable when
	P0 is set to A)
CLOCK	visualization of time + date
DATE	visualization of
ТЕМР	visualization of time + temperature
TIMER	visualization of stopwatch
MENU	entry into the menu of setting of clock
	parameters
CLR	time correction to the whole minute (±30 sec)

4.1 Setting of time and date

The time and date values are adjusted in the following sequence: year - day - month - hours - minutes. By pushing the **SET** button, enter the time and date setting mode.

The display shows the following:

$\circ \bullet \bullet \circ \circ$	$\odot \bullet \bullet \bullet \odot$	$\bigcirc \bullet \bullet \bullet \bigcirc$	
• • • • •	•000•	• • • • • •	
••••	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	
00000		•000•	
	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	
00000	•000•	0000	0000
0000	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	
		. • • • • i	

The item to be set is blinking.

After having set up the minutes the value is blinking. By pushing the **OK** button the value is stored (with seconds reset to zero) and the clock operation resumes. The clock returns into normal working mode.

Note: When the time zone of displayed time and date (menu item **P7**) is set to the values U1 - U7 or U, the entered time and date is taken as UTC.

Function of the pushbuttons in the "Time and date setting" mode

	5
The + pushbutton	increase of the value adjusted, in steps of 1
The – pushbutton	decrease of the value adjusted, in steps of 1
Holding down the + button	continuous increase of the value set up
Holding down the – button	continuous decrease of the value set up
ESC	return into normal display mode, without storage of the
	data
>>	move to next parameter
<<	move to previous parameter
CLR	entry of zero or minimum value
ОК	storage of values set up and return into normal working
	mode, followed with seconds reset
Pushbuttons 0-9	entry of the corresponding numerical value

4.2 Menu for the setting of the clock parameters

The entry into the menu no. 1 for the setting of the clock parameters is done by pushing the **MENU** button.

The display shows the following:

	••••		
♦ ○ ○ ○ ●		00000	
• • • • •		00000	
		. 00000	
00000		00000	
00000	•000•		
0000	••••		

The item to be set is blinking.

The options for the parameters to be set up are shown in the menu no. 1 table on page (chapter 5).

Function of the pushbuttons in the "MENU" mode

>> << The + button	move to next menu item move to previous menu item increase of the value adjusted, in steps of 1
The - button	decrease of the current value, in steps of 1
Holding down the + button	continuous increase of the value set up
Holding down the – button	continuous decrease of the value set up
ESC	return into the normal working mode, without storing the modified items
ОК	storing of the modified items and return into the normal working mode
SET	enter the sub-menu, where it is possible
Pushbuttons 0–9 F1 F2	entry of the corresponding numerical value menu page no. 1 – basic clock parameters menu page no. 2 – display parameters

Note: During entering the numbers in the octets of the IP addresses the editing to the next digit moves automatically.

4.2.1 Submenu for user-specific setting of time constants for data switchover

In menu item **P2** (time constants for automatic switching over of values) set value **U**, then enter the submenu by pushing the **SET** button. The item to be set is blinking.

	•	••••
••••	•	

Enter the constant for time display, in seconds. Push the >> button and enter the time constant for the display of date, in seconds.

Push SET.

The display shows the following:



Enter the time constant for the display of temperature, in seconds. Push the >> button and enter the time constant for the display of stopwatch, in seconds.

By pushing **OK**, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item **P2**. Return to the item **P2** without storing by pushing **ESC**.

4.2.2 Submenu for setting of the user-specific time zone

Choose the value **U** in the item **P7** (time zone displaying) in clock menu, then by pushing the **SET** enter the submenu for setting the parameters of the user-specific time zone. The item to be set is blinking.

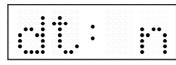
The display shows the following (example: -12 hours):

	00000	00000	
		00000	
•••••			
		88888	●0000 ●0000
ं • • • ं		ं • • • ं	

Enter the offset of the required time zone compared to UTC time within -12 to +12 hours. Decimal dot means 0,5 hour.

Switch over to setting the way of setting daylight saving time (DST) by pushing >>.

The display shows the following:



Options: n – no DST is used F – DST defined by fixed date C – DST defined by calculated date

Return to the clock menu item **P7** by pushing the **OK** button.

DST defined by entering fixed date and time

If the value **F** is set in item **dt:**, by pushing **SET** enter the submenu for entering fixed date and time. The item to be set is blinking.

Symbols on the display:

Fhchange to summer time; entry of the hour at daylight saving beginsbhshift back; entry of the hour at daylight saving ends

The display shows the following:



Enter the hour at which the daylight saving time begins.

Push >>.

	$\circ \bullet \bullet \bullet \circ$		00000
• • • • •	•000•		0000
• • • • •	•000•		
•0000	0 00 0		
	●○○○● .		
	00000	00000	0000
0000			000000
	0 • • • 0		00000

Enter the day of the month. Push >>. Enter the month in which the daylight saving time begins.

Push >>.

The display shows the following:



Enter the hour at which the daylight saving time ends.

Push >>.

The display shows the following:

•••		00000	
••	• • • •	0000	
•••	• • • •	00000	
 • • 	• • • • •	00000	
•••	• • • •	. 00000	•000
0 • 0 0	• • • • • •	• 00000	
 • • 		00000	0000
			• • • ÷

Enter the day of the month. Push >>. Enter the month in which the daylight saving time ends.

The daylight saving time has been set to start on April 28th at 2 o'clock and end on October 10th at 3 o'clock in the above described example.

Save the setting and return to item **dt:** by pushing **OK**, return to the clock menu item **P7** by another push of the **OK** button.

By entering calculated date

If the value **C** is set in item dt:, by pushing **SET** enter the submenu for the calculated date. The item to be set is blinking.

Symbols in the display:

F change to summer timeb setting the time back

Scope of the setting:

Days of the week

Week

	1. $-$ 4., L (the last one), P (last but one) and H (first after 15 th day in the month)
1. – 7. (Mo – Su)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
()	1. – 12.

Month The display shows the following:

00000 ●0000		
●0000 ●0000		00000
 00000		000000
●0000 ●0000		0000

Enter the week in which the daylight saving time begins. Push >>. Enter the day of the week in which the daylight saving time begins.

Push >>.

The display shows the following:

•••	∘ ●	••••
• • • • •		

Enter the month in which the daylight saving time begins. Push >>. Enter the hour in which the daylight saving time begins.

Push >>.

|--|--|

Enter the week in which the daylight saving time ends. Push >>. Enter day of the week in which the daylight saving time ends.

Push >>.

The display shows the following:



Enter the month in which the daylight saving time ends. Push >>. Enter the hour in which the daylight saving time ends.

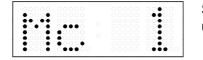
The daylight saving time has been set to start on last Sunday in March at 2 o'clock and end on last Sunday in October at 3 o'clock in the above described example.

By pushing **OK** save the setting and return to item **dt**:. Another push of the **OK** button returns to the clock menu item **P7**.

4.2.3 Submenu for network services configuration

Choose the value **2** or **3** in the item **P19** (network work mode selection) in the clock menu, then enter the submenu by pushing the **SET** for configuring the network services (Multicast support in unicast work mode, SNMP service, Telnet service). The item to be set is blinking.

The display shows the following:



Set value **1** for enabling the multicast support in the unicast work mode or value **0** for disabling it.

Switch to the next parameter – SNMP communication support by pushing the >>. The display shows the **Sn: 1**. Set value **1** for enabling the SNMP support or value **0** for disabling it.

Switch to the next parameter – Telnet support by pushing the >>. The display shows the **tn: 1**. Set value **1** for enabling the telnet support or value **0** for disabling it.

By pushing **OK**, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item **P19**. By pushing **ESC**, the clock returns to **P19** without saving.

4.2.4 Manual setting of the IP address of the clock

Choose the item **P20** in the main menu and push the **SET** button to enter the submenu for setting the IP address. The item to be set is blinking.

The display shows the following:

	00000		
	○●●○○	• • • • • •	
• • •	00000		00000
• • •	00000		00000
• • • • •	0000		
	0000	° 8886	
	0000	• • • • •	0000

Enter four octets of the IP address step by step. Switch to another octet by pushing the << and >> buttons. Octets are marked by letters **A**, **b**, **C** and **d**.

By pushing **OK**, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item **P20.** By pushing **ESC** the clock returns to **P20** without storing.

4.2.5 Manual setting of the subnet mask

Choose the item **P21** in the main menu and push the **SET** button to enter the submenu for setting the subnet mask. The item to be set is blinking.

The display shows the following:

	Enter the four octets of the subnet mask step by step. Switch to another octet by pushing the << and >> buttons. Octets are marked by letters A , b , C a d .
--	---

By pushing **OK**, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item **P21.** By pushing **ESC**, the clock returns to **P21** without saving.

4.2.6 Manual setting of default gateway IP address

Choose the item **P22** in the main menu and push the **SET** button to enter the submenu for setting the default gateway IP address, the item to be set is blinking.

The display shows the following:

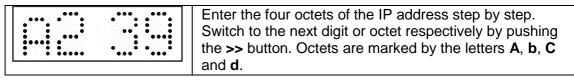
		Enter the four octets of the gateway IP address step by step. Switch to another octet by pushing the << and >> buttons. Octets are marked by letters A , b , C and d .
--	--	--

By pushing **OK**, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item **P22**. By pushing **ESC**, the clock returns to **P22** without saving.

4.2.7 Submenu for setting the multicast group address

Choose the menu item **P23** and then enter the submenu by pushing the **SET** for setting the multicast group address. The item to be set is blinking.

The display shows the following:



By pushing OK, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item P23. By pushing ESC, the clock returns to P23 without saving.

4.2.8 Submenu for the setting of the NTP unicast synchronization

Choose the menu item **P24** and then enter the submenu by pushing the **SET** for setting the parameters of the NTP unicast synchronization. The item to be set is blinking.

The display shows the following:

	Set the four octets of the NTP server's IP address step by step. Switch to the next digit or octet respectively by pushing the >> button. Octets are marked by letters A , b , C and d .
--	---

After the last octet setting, set the constant \mathbf{x} which determines the interval of synchronization in seconds.

By pushing OK, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the menu item P24. By pushing ESC, the clock returns to P24 without saving.

Note: Through the setup menu is possible to set only one NTP server IP address. If more than one NTP server addresses were previously configured (using telnet or MOBA-NMS tool), after opening the **P24** submenu the IP address of currently active NTP server is displayed. When the IP address was modified and the configuration is saved using the setup menu, the IP address is stored to the definition of the first NTP server, the other NTP server addresses are cleared including those defined by the NTP server domain names.

4.2.9 Temperature description and time-zone names definition (MENU page no. 2)

Choose the items **R8** or **R9** for temperature description or the items **R10** – **R14** for time-zone names definition in the menu page no. 2 and push the **SET** button to enter the submenu for text definition. After entering the edit mode the cursor is blinking. By pushing + or – available characters are listed (see chapter 16 for character set table). Press >> to move to next position and select next character. For fast listing through the characters keep the + or – buttons depressed. Insert a space by pushing **CLR**,. The description of temperature can have up to 5 characters, the time-zone name up to 8.

Ex.: Editing of the text - temperature no. 1 description "OUT"

In MENU page no. 2 select the item **R8** by pressing >>. By pressing + or – set the value to **Y**. By pressing **SET** enter the text editing mode.

The display shows the following:

The cursor blinks on the first position, by pressing **+** set the character **O**, press the **>>** and the display shows:



 \rightarrow with + set U \rightarrow >> \rightarrow the cursor blinks on the 3rd position \rightarrow with + set T \rightarrow pushing the **OK** button saves the edited text and move back to MENU item R8. Set other parameters in MENU and by pressing **OK** button return to normal mode.

5 The clock menu table

Program	Function	Scope of the values
item		(default values are printed in bold)
P0	Display brightness	1-30, A (automatic adjustment, without the possibility of
		changing in normal display mode)
		The maximum brightness setting in manual mode can reduce the life cycle
		of the LED displays in the long run. We recommend leaving the brightness
	· · ·	control to "auto" mode (default value).
P1	Time display format	24 h, 12 h
P2	Time constants for	1 -6, U, 0
	automatic data	1 continuous display of time + date
	switching over	2 continuous display of date + temperature
		3 continuous display of time zone
		4 continuous display of stop watch
		5 display sequence: time + date 6 sec, time +
		temperature 3 sec.
		6 display sequence: time + date 8 sec, time +
		temperature 3 sec, time zone 3 sec.
		U* time constants set up by user, in seconds for each
		specific displayed data
		0 automatic switching over disabled
3	Time zone of	0 - 64, A (automatically)
Ŭ	synch. source	
P4	Type of	1 - 10, A (automatically)
	synchronization	A auto detection, applicable for: DCF, the Mobatime serial
	source	code, MOBALine, WTD, IRIG-B or NTP
		1 autonomous operation without synchronization
		2 synchronization by DCF signal
		3 the MOBATIME serial code
		4 MOBALine
		,
		7 24 V DC impulses at second intervals
		8 DCF-FSK, IRIG-B Standard, IRIG-B 123, IRIG-B DIEM,
		AFNOR A, AFNOR C
		9 RS232
5-		10 RS485
P5	Impulse line	1-4
	processing mode	1 polarized impulses, synchronization and time
		adjustment
		2 polarized impulses; time synchronization only
		3 non-polarized impulses, synchronization and time
		adjustment
	· · · · · ·	4 non-polarized impulses; time synchronization only
P6	Time zone for	1-20, 0 (off) – for MOBALine synchronization
	MOBALine or time	or
	zone server	1-15, 0 (off) – for NTP synchronization
	MOBATIME	
P7	Time zone of	0 - 64, A (automatically), U* (user time zone)
	displayed time and	U1-U7 (preconfigured time zone entry by MOBA-NMS)
	date	

5.1 Menu page no. 1 – basic clock parameters

P8	Clock address for	1- 99					
	IR remote control	0 -31, L (listen only) at SI version					
	and the serial	0- 15	 at WTD version 				
	protocols						
P9	IR controller	-	U ("automatic lock" is (1			
autolock			in minutes for "automa				
			ession of button on the	IR unit			
P10	Time format	1-2					
	display	1	time with leading zero				
		2	time without leading ze	ero			
P11	Date format	1-2					
	display	1	date with leading zero				
		2	date without leading ze	ero			
P12	Temperature	°C					
	format display	°F					
P13	Protocol for	1 - IF					
	RS232 and RS485		upervised RS485				
	communication		K master				
			K slave				
		5 – TP RS485 master					
		6 – TP … RS485 listener					
		7 – no function					
		8 – T741x master					
		9 – T741x listener					
for	Modulation speed for RS232 and	1-7					
		1	1 200 Baud				
	RS485	2	2 400 Baud				
		3	4 800 Baud				
		4	9 600 Baud				
		5	19 200 Baud				
		6	38 400 Baud				
_		7	57 600 Baud				
P 15	Transmission	Num	ber of data bits	8			
	parameters for			7			
P 16	RS232 and RS485	Num	ber of stop bits	1			
				2			
P 17		Parity	y	n no parity			
				o odd			
				E even			
P 18	Special operation	0	normal mode				
	mode	1	special mode 1				
		2	special mode 2				
P19	Network operation	1	NTP and PoE: multicast (without IP WiFi: initial network MOBA – WIFI,	address) IP address assigned by DHCP			
	mode	2*	NTP and PoE: unicast – network pa	aram. defined manually			
		- 3*	WiFi: wireless network defined by u NTP and PoE: unicast – network pa				
B 00		-	WiFi: wireless network defined by u				
P20	IP address	IP*	edit network paramete	rs in manual setting mode or			
P21	Subnet mask	Su*	display parameters as				
P22	Gateway	Gt*		•			
P23	Multicast addr.	Mc*	setting of multicast gro	•			
P24	Unicast NTP addr	Uc*	setting of NTP unicast	server address			
SW version			e.g.: r2.68)				
	ssibility to enter the su		. .				

Note: * possibility to enter the submenu Items P19 to P24 available in NTP, PoE and WiFi variants only

() V	First language selection (also language used for weekday name in time zone displaying)		ault values are printed in bold) nguages to choose from Czech Slovak English German French Italian Russian Spanish Portuguese polish Magyar Dutch Danish Finnish
() V	also language used for weekday name in time	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Czech Slovak English German French Italian Russian Spanish Portuguese polish Magyar Dutch Danish
v	weekday name in time	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Slovak English German French Italian Russian Spanish Portuguese polish Magyar Dutch Danish
		3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	English German French Italian Russian Spanish Portuguese polish Magyar Dutch Danish
2	zone displaying)	4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	German French Italian Russian Spanish Portuguese polish Magyar Dutch Danish
		5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	French Italian Russian Spanish Portuguese polish Magyar Dutch Danish
		6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Italian Russian Spanish Portuguese polish Magyar Dutch Danish
		7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Russian Spanish Portuguese polish Magyar Dutch Danish
		8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Spanish Portuguese polish Magyar Dutch Danish
		9 10 11 12 13 14	Portuguese polish Magyar Dutch Danish
		10 11 12 13 14	Portuguese polish Magyar Dutch Danish
		11 12 13 14	polish Magyar Dutch Danish
		12 13 14	Magyar Dutch Danish
		13 14	Dutch Danish
		13 14	Danish
		14	
		15	
		10	Swedish
		16	Norwegian
		17	Serbian (Latin)
		18	Serbian (Cyrillic)
	·	19	Croatian
	·	20	Slovenian
	·	21	Romanian
	·	22	Bulgarian
		23	Greek
R1 5	Second language selection	-	nguages + option N – "none"
		1 - 2	
R2 1	Temperature units for second	°C	
	selected language	°F	
	Third language selection	•	nguages + option N – "none"
		1-23	
R4 1	Temperature units for second	°C	, ••
	selected language	°F	
	_anguage switch mode for	A	all languages
	automatic language switching		
	over in one display alternating	S	single language
	cycle	-	
R6 N	Number of characters used for	2	two characters
v	weekday names	3	three characters
R7 V	Weekday and month display	1	all capitals
	ormat	2	first capital, others small
R8 [Display of description for first	Ν	• • •
	neasured temperature	Y*	
R9 [Display of description for	Ν	
	second measured temperature	Y*	
I	· ·	I	
R10 V	Norld time – Time Zone 1	Ν	option N – "disabled"
		0-64	
R11 V	Norld time – Time Zone 2	N	option N – "disabled"

5.2 Menu page no. 2 – display parameters

		0-64*	0-64 according to time zone table
R12	World time – Time Zone 3	Ν	option N – "disabled"
		0-64*	0-64 according to time zone table
R13	World time – Time Zone 4	N	option N – "disabled"
		0-64*	0-64 according to time zone table
R14	World time – Time Zone 5	N	option N – "disabled"
		0-64*	0-64 according to time zone table
R15	World time switch mode for automatic time zone switching	Α	all world time zones
	over in one display alternating cycle	S	single world time zone

Note: * possibility to enter the submenu for description text definition of temperature (up to 5 characters) or time zone name definition (up to 8 characters)

6 Control of the stopwatch via keyboard

The operation of the stopwatch is controlled and the device is adjusted using three pushbuttons on the connected keyboard. The keyboard cable must be connected to the CTRL plug connector.

Abbreviations used for the key strokes

PB1L, PB2L	pushing of the pushbutton for a period of more than 1 second
PB1S, PB2S, PB3S	short-time pushing of the pushbutton
Function of the pushbuttons in th	ne "Stopwatch" mode
PB2S	indication switch-over:
PB2L PB3S, PB1S, PB1L	time - date - temperature - stopwatch - time stopwatch menu according to the stopwatch mode setup

6.1 The stopwatch menu

The stopwatch menu is entered by pushing the **PB2L** pushbutton (stopwatch must be displayed). The parameter adjustment is to be performed according to the menu table (chapter 8).

Function of the pushbuttons in the "Stopwatch Menu" mode

PB1S	move to another menu item

- **PB1L** storage of the parameters; return to the stopwatch display mode when counting up from zero; or entry into the initial time setting mode when counting down
- PB2S increase of the current value, in steps of 1
- **PB2L** continuous increase of current value

6.2 Setting of the initial time for counting down

When counting down is selected, the initial time setting mode is entered from the stopwatch MENU or directly from the "Stopwatch" display mode by pushing the **PB1L** button. The item to be set is blinking.

By pushing the **PB2S** button is the adjusted value increased in steps of 1, by pushing the **PB2L** button will be the value continuously increased. By pushing **PB1S** move to the next item. By pushing the **PB1L** save the setting and return to "Stopwatch" display mode.

Enter the data in the following order depending on the item **S2** setting (counting unit):

Counting unit	Data order
1/100 second	<minute>:<second>.<hundredths of="" second=""></hundredths></second></minute>
1 second	<hours>:<minutes>:<seconds>.</seconds></minutes></hours>
1 minute	<hours>:<minutes></minutes></hours>
1 day	<days></days>

By pushing the **PB1L** button, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the "Stopwatch" display mode.

7 Control of the stopwatch using IR remote control

A 2-digit address is assigned to the stopwatch. With the IR remote control, the stopwatch can be locked. Controlling and the stopwatch parameter adjustment are only allowed in unlocked state.

Function of the pushbuttons in the "Stopwatch" mode

pushing the F1 button + entry of 2-digit address using numerical pushbuttons	unlocking of a clock with the corresponding address
holding down the F1 button	unlocking of all clocks within the reach of the IR beam of the remote control
holding down the F2 button	locking of all clocks within the reach of the IR beam of the remote control
holding down the F3 button	display of the addresses of all locked clocks within the reach of the IR beam of the remote control
CLOCK DATE TEMP TIMER MENU SET S/S, HOLD, RES	visualization of time visualization of date visualization of temperature visualization of the stopwatch entry into stopwatch parameter setup menu entry into setting initial time of counting down function depends on the stopwatch operation mode set

7.1 The stopwatch menu

The stopwatch menu is entered by pushing **MENU** button (stopwatch must be displayed). The parameter adjustment is shown in the stopwatch menu table (chapter 8).

Function of the pushbuttons in the "Stopwatch Menu" operation mode

>>	storing the current value and transition
	to another menu item
<<	storing the current value and transition to
	previous menu item
The + button	increase of the adjusted value in steps of 1
The - button	decrease of the adjusted value in steps of 1
Holding down the + button	continuous increase of the item set up
Holding down the - button	continuous decrease of the item set up
ESC	return into normal display mode,
ОК	storage of the parameters; return into the stopwatch
	display mode when counting up from zero; or entry into
	the initial time setting mode when counting down

7.2 Setting of initial time for counting down

When counting down is selected, the initial time setting mode is entered from the stopwatch MENU or directly from the "Stopwatch" display mode by pushing the **PB1L** button. The item to be set is blinking.

Counting unit	Data order
1/100 second	<minutes>:<seconds>.< Hundredths</seconds></minutes>
	of second >
1 second	<hours>:<minutes>:<seconds>.</seconds></minutes></hours>
1 minute	<hours>:<minutes></minutes></hours>
1 day	<days></days>

Enter data in following order depending on the item **S2** setting (counting unit):

By pushing the **OK** button, the entered values are stored and the clock returns to the "Stopwatch" display mode. By pushing **ESC**, the clock returns without storing.

7.3 Switching contact

When counting down mode is applied, the switching contact can be used (only for certain types of clocks), which switches at zero-crossing. It is possible to control an external device such as sound devices. There is normally open contact (NO), normally closed contact (NC) and common contact (COM) on the relay port (JP21) available.

8 Stopwatch menu table

Program	Function	Scope of the values		
option			(de	efault values are printed in bold)
S0	Counting			1 - 4
	direction	1	upwards	
	2	zero	from a time value set in advance, with stop at	
		3	downwards from a time value set in advance until ze with automatic restart from the specified time value	
		4		from a set time value, until zero, and keeping g into minus value
S1	Control of			1 – 4
	intermediate time periods (correspondin		S/S (PB3S)	Alternating START - STOP -,,UNFREEZE" of DISPLAY (if it was frozen)
	g keyboard keys are	1	HOLD (PB1S)	"Freezing" of displaying data with the counter proceeding in the counting
	listed in brackets)		RES (PB1L)	Setting the counter to zero in STOP operation mode, for counting up, and return to a present value in all other counting mode
		2	S/S (PB3S)	Alternating START - STOP -,,UNFREEZE" of DISPLAY (if it was frozen)
			HOLD (PB1S)	The first depression of this button causes the display to freeze on the respective time achieved and lets the counter running. Further activation of the button shows the intermediate time elapsed from the first depression of the button.
			RES (PB1L)	Reset of the counter in the STOP mode while in counting up. Return to a preset value in other counting modes.
		3	S/S (PB3S)	count up from zero, or from a present value in countdown mode. Next activation of the button causes the display to freeze and to resume the count from zero in counting up, or from a preset value in countdown mode.
			HOLD (PB1S)	Unfreezing of the display, leaving the counter to continue in counting
			RES (PB1L)	Counter reset (to zero), or return to a preset time followed with counter stop
		4	S/S (PB3S)	Triggering the counter
			HOLD (PB1S)	Stopping the counter
			RES (PB1L)	Resetting the counter or return to a preset time, with counter stop
S2		4	O a ser the st	1 - 4
		1	the counting with display	increments of 1/100 sec. (with 4-digit display goes on until 59.99 sec., and then continues ing of minutes : seconds), up to 59 minutes and nds, at maximum.

	Counting unit	2	Counting in increments of 1 second (with 4-digit display the counting goes on until 59 minutes and 59 seconds; and follows with displaying of hours: minutes) until 23 hours, 59 minutes and 59 seconds, at maximum.
		3	Counting in 1 minute steps, until 23 hours 59 minutes
		4	Counting in periods after one day. A subtraction or an addition always takes place around midnight. Capacity of counting up to 9999 days. When counting is stopped, the dot is displayed after the last digit.
S3	Contact closing		1 - 30, 0 (function disabled) Time period of contact closing for stopwatches passing through zero, while operating in countdown mode, starting from a preset time moment.

9 Local time calculation

	-	
P3	А	Time zone is taken over according to the source of
		synchronization
P4	2 – 10,	Synchronization signal type
	А	
P6	0	Neither MOBALine time zone nor time zone server
		are used
P7	А	Display time and date according to source of
		synchronization incl. daylight saving time
R10 – R14	Ν	The displaying of time-zone is not used; it is not
		recommended to display the time-zones, as the
		clock has not correct information about UTC

9.1 Basic setting – control according to source of synchronization

This setting is suitable for calendar clocks synchronized by a DCF receiver or controlled by a master clock as slave clock in a time distribution system. The internal time zone table isn't used. The displaying time-zone isn't needed.

9.2 Calculation using MOBALine time zones and time zone display

P3	A	Time zone is taken over according to the source of synchronization. The UTC time calculation is based on the MOBALine information.
P4	4	MOBALine
P6	1 - 20	Selection of the MOBALine time zone
P7	A	Display time and date according to chosen MOBALine time zone, incl. daylight saving time
R10 –R14	1 – 64, N	selected time-zones are cyclically displayed or the display is not used; the corresponding zone times are calculated from UTC and preprogrammed time zone definition

This setting is suitable for calendar digital clocks controlled by a master clock as a MOBALine slave clock in a time distribution system with possibility to display different MOBALine time zones.

9.3 Calculation using time zone server MOBATIME and time zone display

P3	А	NTP protocol uses UTC time zone			
P4	А	automatic			
P6	1 - 15	Selection of the time zone server time zone			
P7	А	Display time and date according to chosen time			
		zone server time zone, incl. daylight saving time			
R10 – R14	1 – 64, S1 – S15, N	selected time-zones are cyclically displayed or the display is not used; the corresponding zone times are calculated from UTC and preprogrammed time zone definition			

This setting is suitable for NTP and PoE calendar digital clocks controlled by MOBATIME NTP servers which support the time zone server functionality.

9.4	Calculation using time zone entries preconfigured by MOBA-NMS
	software and time zone display

P3	А	NTP protocol uses UTC time zone			
P4	А	automatic			
P6	0	No time zone server is used			
P7	U1-U7	Display time and date according to chosen preconfigured time zone entry, incl. daylight saving time			
R10 – R14	1 – 64, U1 – U7, N	selected time-zones are cyclically displayed or the display is not used; the corresponding zone times are calculated from UTC and preprogrammed time zone definition			

This setting is suitable for NTP and PoE calendar digital clocks, where several user defined time zone entries should be used. The time zone entries are preconfigured by means of the MOBA-NMS software.

P3	0 – 64	According to the time zone in which source of synchronization works (e.g. value 2 for DCF in west Europe)
P4	1 – 10, A	Autonomous operation or any type of the synchronizing signal
P6	0	Neither MOBALine time zone nor time zone server are used
P7	0 – 64, U	Display time and date by calculation from the UTC time according to chosen time zone, incl. daylight saving time
R10 –R14	1 – 64, N	selected time-zones are cyclically displayed or the display is not used; the corresponding zone times are calculated from UTC and preprogrammed time zone definition

9.5 Calculation according to internal time zone table and time zone display

This setting is suitable for autonomous calendar digital clocks or in cases where the displayed time is needed in another time zone than provided by the synchronization source. Displayed time and date calculation is based on the internal time zone table or on the user–specific time zone parameters. See the chapter 15 with actual time zone definition table.

10 Non-network clock operation

Configure the jumper JP11 according to table (chapter 2.8) if the source of synchronization is a DCF signal, Mobatime serial code, polarized impulse line, MOBALine or IRIG-B. Choose the item **P4** in main MENU (chapter 5) and set the type of synchronization. The auto detection mode (P4:A), when the type of synchronization signal is set automatically, is applicable for DCF signal, Mobatime serial code, MOBALine, IRIG-B, WTD. The permanently lit colon during the time display signalizes the clock is synchronized by the synchronization source.

10.1 Autonomous clock synchronized by DCF 77 receiver

- Set value A in items P3, P4 and P7 in the main MENU (chapter 5).
- Connect the DCF 77 receiver to the clock terminal board placed on the anchoring plate (LINE IN terminals) using a twin-wire cable.
- The maximum wire length depends on its diameter (approx. 100 300 m).
- In case the connection is correct and the input signal is at high level, the LED on the receiver is flashing periodically once a second, with 1 pulse left out at the 59th second.
- If the polarity is incorrect, the LED does not flash. In such a case, interchange the two wires.
- Install the receiver at a place with a high-level radio signal. Don't install the receiver near sources of interfering signals, such as the personal computers, TV sets or other types of power consumers (the calendar digital clock itself generates interfering signals too).
- Position the receiver with its transparent cover (DCF 450) or the arrow on the cover (DCF 4500) facing the transmitter (located in Frankfurt, Germany). Presuming the good quality DCF 77 signal the synchronization takes place in approx. 3 to 4 minutes. In case of poor quality of the signal (mainly during the day time) the first time setting is to be done manually. The red LED of the receiver displays a working connection by flashing once a second without flickering.

10.2 Autonomous clock synchronized by GPS receiver

- Set value **A** in items **P3**, **P4** and the desired time-zone in the **P7** item in the main MENU (chapter 5).
- Using jumper JP17 set the power supply output (DC OUT) on pins 3, 4 of the JP1 connector.
- Connect GPS receiver to the clock terminal board placed on the anchoring plate (LINE IN and DC OUT/DCF OUT terminals) using a four-wire cable. Please note the correct polarity of the wires see the GPS user manual.
- For the correct placing of the receiver please follow the GPS user manual.
- Presuming the good position of the GPS receiver the synchronization takes place in approx. 10 to 20 minutes.

10.3 Slave clock controlled by synchronizing impulses

On calendar digital clock connected in time distribution system controlled by synchronizing impulses choose the item **P4** in the main menu and set it according type impulse lines (one minute, half minute, second pulses) and in item **P5** choose mode of processing impulse line (polarized / unpolarized impulses, synchronization and time setting / synchronization only). Set the value **A** in items **P3** and **P7**.

10.3.1 Synchronization and time setting – P5 mode 1 and 3

Clocks are set according to the slave line time on the Master clock.

- Stop the slave line on Master clock.
- Set all slave clocks on the same time. Set the current date on the calendar digital clock. The clocks stand still and the colon flashes in 2 second interval.
- Set the time of the slave line to the same time as on slave clocks.
- Run the slave line on Master clock.
- After receiving each impulse is displayed time increased by one minute (or by 30 seconds or 1 second respectively)
- After the expiration of run-out time the slave clocks are synchronized by the time information generated by the master clock, the colon flashes constantly.
- In case of the line fault the clock displays the right time information based on its own quartz time base. When the normal operation of the line resumes, the slave clock adjusts itself to the time equal to the master clock.

10.3.2 Synchronization only – P5 mode 2 and 4

The clock time-base is synchronized by incoming pulses in normal operation of the slave line.

- Set current date and time on the slave clocks according the master clock time with accuracy of ±30 seconds (or ±15 seconds, or ±0.5 second respectively).
- The colon flashes in 2 second interval.
- After 2-3 minutes are the clocks synchronized with the master clock. The colon is permanently lit during the time display.
- In case of the line fault the clock displays the right time information based on its own quartz time base. When the normal operation of the line resumes, the clock synchronizes with the incoming pulses.

10.4 Slave clock controlled by MOBATIME serial code, MOBALine, or IRIG-B

- After the connection of the calendar digital clock to the signal source, time and date are adjusted automatically, following the receipt of valid time information.
- The time setting with using the serial coded line takes place within at least 3 to 4 minutes, for MOBALine and IRIG-B within 6 to 15 seconds.

10.5 Slave clock controlled by IF482 over RS232 or RS485

- After the connection of the calendar digital clock to the line, time and date are adjusted automatically, following the receipt of valid time information.
- Setting the tune takes place within at least 5 minutes.

10.6 Slave clock controlled by supervised RS485

Supervised RS485 line available on the DTS.480x timeservers offers exact time synchronization as well as monitoring the correct function of connected slave clocks.

- If the DK clock should be monitored set in menu item **P8** unique address in the range 1 to 32. The value "L" means that the clocks are synchronized only (without monitoring).
- It is necessary to register the clock under the used address in DTS.
- The time synchronization starts within a few tens of seconds after start-up.
- Failure of slave clock function is signalized by an alarm in DTS.
- On the RS485 you can use the jumper TRE JP10 to connect the termination resistor 120R between the signals A and B for the correct termination of RS485.

10.7 Cascaded connection of the DCF/GPS synchronized clock

- Connect the DCF 77 receiver to the clock terminal board placed on the anchoring plate (LINE IN terminals) using a twin-wire cable.
- Set the passive DCF OUT output 3, 4 of the JP1 connector using the jumper JP17.
- When using the GPS receiver, the external power supply is needed parameters 12-24 VDC min. 5VA.
- Interconnect the cascaded clock using a twin-wire cable from the DC OUT / DCF OUT terminals to the LINE IN terminals of the next clock.
- In case the connection is correct and the input signal is at a high level, the LED on the receiver and the green LED in the clock is flashing periodically once a second, with 1 pulse left out at the 59th second.

10.8 Synchronization in WTD system

- The items **P3**, **P4** and **P7** are set to value **A** by the production.
- Set the P8 item to the address of the WTD-T transmitter.
- The colon is permanently lit after successful signal receiving from WTD-T transmitter.

10.9 Connecting the slave displays through RS485

The clock equipped with the SI interface allows connecting up to 32 slave displays, which show the same information as the main display. The RS485 (JP5) interface is used for the connection. Two signals (A, B) and the ground connection GND (from the JP4) are used. For the signals A and B it is recommended to use the twisted pair (pay attention for the same polarity by all displays), another twisted pair is used for the GND connection.

If the overall length of the RS485 bus is longer than ca. 500m, enabling the TRE - JP10 is recommended in the last clock.

- In the clock serving as the master display, set the P13 to value 3 (DK master)
- In the slave displays set the **P13** to value 4 (DK slave)
- Items **P14** to **P17** are set automatically to 9600 baud, 8 bits, even parity, 1 stop-bit.

In case of communication problems it is possible to lower the communication speed. The modification of the items **P14** to **P17** is necessary to proceed in all connected displays identically.

11.1 Unicast mode

The clock is synchronized to UTC (Universal Time Coordinated) from a NTP server (up to four NTP server IP addresses configurable) and must have assigned its own IP address. The clock requests in defined intervals the actual time from the NTP server. If the server is not available, the clock tries to contact the other defined servers in cyclic way until the valid response from the NTP server is received.

This operating mode supports the monitoring and configuration of the movement via the network connection by means of the Telnet, SNMP or the MOBA-NMS software tool. For supervision and configuration with MOBA-NMS the clock's IP address can be used or the multicast group address having last octet cleared to zero (presuming the multicast is not disabled).

It is necessary to set appropriate time-zone for correct displaying of local time and date – see chapter 9 for details.

IP address	0.0.0.0		
subnet mask	0.0.0.0		
default gateway	0.0.0.0		
NTP server address 1	0.0.0.0		
NTP server address 2	0.0.0.0		
NTP server address 3	0.0.0.0		
NTP server address 4	0.0.0.0		
NTP request time [s]	10		
DNS server	0.0.0.0		
SNMP manager 1	0.0.0.0		
SNMP manager 2	0.0.0.0		
multicast config address	239.192.54.0		
alive notification interval [min]	30		
configuration port number	65532		
time zone client port number	65534		
DHCP	enabled		
SNMP	enabled		
Multicast support	enabled		
Telnet	enabled		

Default network parameters:

11.1.1 Network parameters assignation by DHCP

The menu item **P19** must be set to value **3** (default). Network parameters are automatically obtained from a DHCP server.

The following DHCP options will be evaluated automatically:

[50] IP address

[3] Gateway address

[1] Subnet mask

[42] List with up to four NTP server addresses

[42] Time zone server address (usually same as NTP server address)

[234] SNMP manager address

[43] or [224] Additional options (refer to document BE-800793)

The network administrator must configure the DHCP options accordingly.

Assigned parameters can be checked in the submenu of items P20 to P22.

11.1.2 Manual setting through setup menu

The menu item P19 must be set to value 2.

- See chapter 4.2.4 for setting the clock's IP address in the item **P20** submenu
- See chapter 4.2.5 for setting the subnet mask in the item P21 submenu
- See chapter 4.2.6 for setting the gateway in the item P22 submenu
- See chapter 4.2.7 for setting the multicast group address in the item P23 submenu
- See chapter 4.2.8 for setting the unicast NTP server address in the item P24 submenu.

11.1.3 Manual setting through telnet

The menu item P19 must be set to value 1 or 2. To establish the first connection through telnet, the following procedure is needed because the initial IP address of the clock is 0.0.0.0:

- assign a new IP address to the clock's MAC address (marked on the product label) by windows command arp -s <IP address> <MAC address> example: arp -s 192.168.0.190 00-16-91-FE-90-00
- reset the clock or power-cycle it and do the following within 2 minutes
- the IP address is temporarily matched to the clock (only valid when the current IP address is 0.0.0.0) by windows command ping <IP address>, the clock should answer the two last ECHO requests at least

example: ping 192.168.0.190

 do the following within 30 seconds after the ping connect to the clock and make the needed settings (see lower) by windows command **telnet <IP address>** or use the Hyperterminal application

Setting parameters over telnet:

- request for entering the password appears after connection (default password is 718084)
- the information about software and hardware version followed by the MAC address is displayed after entering the correct password
- inserted commands must be confirmed by pushing the Enter key, use the Backspace key for correcting typing errors
- · command help or ? displays help with a command list
- command reset resets the clock (changes are written to Flash)
- · command conf -p displays current parameters from setup menu
- command conf –n displays current network parameters
- command conf -? displays help for command conf parameters example: conf -i 192.168.0.190 sets the clock's IP address to 192.168.0.190
- · it is necessary to end telnet connection by command exit

Windows 7 note: The telnet is not activated in Windows 7 by default. For activating it go to the "Control Panel" in "Start menu", click on "Uninstall a program (link)" in "Control Panel", click on "Turn Windows features on or off (link)" in "Programs and Features", click in "Windows Features" box and find the "Telnet Client" check box. Allow the system to install the appropriate files - should take only a few seconds. The administrator rights are necessary for this operation.

Hyperterminal note: The Hyperterminal application can be used as an alternative to telnet. It is necessary to activate the options "Send line ends with line feeds" and "Echo typed characters locally" in the Properties -> Settings -> ASCII setup window.

11.1.4 SNMP

The DK clock supports SNMP version 2c notifications and parameter reading and setting by means of SNMP GET and SET commands. This allows for integrating the clock into a network management system. The DK clock (SNMP agent) can send alarm and alive notifications to a SNMP manager. The IP address of the SNMP manager can be provided to the clock by DHCP, Telnet, SNMP or the MOBA-NMS. The structure of supported parameters is defined in a MIB file (refer to document BE-800793 for details). In addition the clock supports the "system" node parameters defined by MIB-2 (RFC-1213)

Alarm notifications are asynchronous messages and are used to inform the manager about the appearance / disappearance of alarms.

Alive notifications are sent out periodically to report availability and state of the clock. The interval time can be configured.

SNMP community strings:

read community	romobatime
read / write community	rwmobatime
notification (trap) community	trapmobatime

11.2 Multicast mode

The clock is synchronized to UTC (Universal Time Coordinated) from a NTP server. The clock receives NTP multicast packets transmitted by the NTP server in a specified time cycle. This type of synchronization requires no clock's own IP address and is therefore suitable for an easy commissioning of the large systems of slave clocks. Further this mode supports monitoring and parameter configuration by means of MOBA-NMS software.

For supervision and configuration with MOBA-NMS the multicast group address can be used or the multicast group address having last octet cleared to zero. The Multicast operating mode signifies only a minimum amount of configuration work for a network administrator.

It is necessary to set appropriate time-zone for correct displaying of local time and date – see chapter 9 for details.

Default network parameters:

multicast group address	239.192.54.1
multicast config address	239.192.54.0
configuration port number	65532
time zone client port number	65534

The menu item **P19** must be set to value **1**. See chapter 4.2.7 for setting the multicast group address in the item **P23** submenu.

12 WiFi clock operation

In the item **P19**, choose if the clock will be connected to default wireless network MOBA-WIFI, where network parameters (IP address, subnet mask and gateway) will be set automatically (DHCP), or to wireless network set by user via telnet, where network parameters could be set manually (telnet, clock menu) or automatically (DHCP). If the DHCP is used, the parameters assigned by the server can be checked in the items **P20** to **P22** submenus.

12.1 Parameters of default wireless network

Net name (SSID):	MOBA-WIFI
Used coding:	WPA
Coding key:	hgfedcba
DHCP:	allowed

12.2 Setting process

- set WiFi router to parameters of default wireless network
- in the item P20 submenus display assign IP address
- by windows command telnet <IP address> connect to the clock and make needed setting (see lower)

example: telnet 192.168.0.190

Setting the network parameters using telnet

- it is necessary to push ENTER key after connection
- the request for the password appears (initial password is 718084)
- the software and hardware version displays if password entering was successful
- inserted commands can be sent off using Enter key, the Backspace key serves for correction of the typing errors
- command help or ? displays help with command's list
- command **reset** resets the clock (setting modifications are written to data flash)
- command **conf** –**p** displays the current setting of the menu parameters
- command conf –n displays the current network parameters, MAC address and wireless network parameters
- command conf -? displays help for the command conf parameters
- it is necessary to end telnet by command exit
- After expiration of two minutes timeout after telnet ending there is another two minute period, when the telnet is not functional. The clock is then performing the NTP time synchronization. This period also takes place at the beginning of every hour.

Example of setting network parameters using telnet:

- command conf -I mobatime set network name of new wireless network
- command **conf –w 4** set version of used coding on WPA2 for new wireless network
- command conf -d abcdefg set the security key for new wireless network
- command conf –u 192.168.0.130 set IP address of NTP server on 192.168.0.130
- command conf –p19:02 set the clock for connecting to the new initiated wireless network with manually preset network parameters
- command conf -i 192.168.0.190 set clock IP address to 192.168.0.190
- command conf -s 255.255.255.0 set subnet mask of the clock on 255.255.255.0
- command conf -g 192.168.0.254 set gateway of the clock on 192.168.0.254
- command exit ends telnet and writes changes into Flash

13 Testing mode, parameter reset

13.1 Synchronization test

The synchronization signal receive process can be displayed in special testing mode. This can be useful for example when the problems with the DCF signal receipt appear.

Display description during synchronization test mode:

Two digits on the left side show the current DCF bit number (goes up from 0 to 58). Third digit shows the type of current DCF bit (0 or 1). The last digit shows the number of successfully received DCF telegrams. The colon indicates that the DCF bit is currently received. The dot behind the last digit signalizes synchronized clock.

Entering the synchronization test mode:

- Enter the clock menu, move to the software version item by several pushes of the **PB1S.**
- Keep pushing both buttons on the clock frame simultaneously until the display shows **C0:00**
- Use the PB2 or + button on IR to set the value behind the colon to 03
- Keep pushing simultaneously both clock buttons or the **DISP** button on IR, until the display shows synchronization information

13.2 Parameter reset

If necessary, the clock parameters can be set to factory defaults by the following procedure.

Activating the parameter reset:

- Enter the clock menu, move to the software version item by several pushes of the **PB1S.**
- Keep pushing both buttons on the clock frame simultaneously until the display shows **C0:00**
- Using the PB2 or + button on IR set the value behind the colon to 04
- Keep pushing simultaneously both buttons or the DISP button on IR, until the display shows FAC1 and clock makes reset

14 Firmware update

14.1 Firmware update using RS232

- Switch-off the clock.
- Install and run the Flash Magic software.
- Open the configuration file "LPC2366 dc3.fms" over the File -> Open Settings menu
- Set used COM Port and open file firmware "DK_<version>.hex" (e.g. DK_NTP_POE_v349.hex) using the Browse key
- Connect the programmer to serial COM Port of computer (the USB-RS232 converter can be used) and connect the power supply to the jack on the programmer.
- Install the jumper ISPE (JP9).
- Connect the programmer to connector PROG (JP8). The POWER LED placed on the clock lights up.
- Click the Start button to run programming; after completion, a "Finished" message will be displayed in the bottom part of the widow
- Disconnect the programmer and remove the ISPE jumper.
- Firmware version can be checked in the last item of the clock menu.

14.2 Firmware update over Ethernet on NTP and PoE versions

- Create a folder on the computer disk and copy "tftpd32.ini", "tftpd32.chm" and "tftpd32.exe" in it. Copy the new firmware file "devapp.bin" as well.
- Run "tftpd32.exe", let only the TFTP Server in the window Settings -> Global Settings be active, don't change other settings.
- Using the Browse key, open choice of active directory and find the one which contains the given firmware
- Connect to the clock by the windows command telnet <clock IP address> example: telnet 192.168.0.190
- The page of telnet requesting will appear, after the password entered identification of current software version and clock MAC address displays.
- Enter the command **fu** in telnet window to start the automatic clock firmware update from the "devapp.bin" file.
- Information about sending file and its progress displays in the tftpd32 program window after the command entering. Connection to telnet is ended automatically.
- Wait about 1 minute after downloading the file. Connect the telnet to the clock again.
- After entering the password, check if the firmware version is correct, if it isn't, it is necessary to repeat the whole procedure.
- Close the telnet window and end the program tftpd32 with the command exit.

15 Time zone table

Time zone	City / State	UTC Offset	DST Change	Standard \rightarrow DST	$DST \rightarrow Standard$
00	UTC (GMT), Monrovia, Casablanca	0	No		
01	London, Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon	0	Yes	Last Sun. Mar. (01:00)	Last Sun. Oct. (02:00)
02	Brussels, Amsterdam, Berlin, Bern, Copenhagen, Madrid, Oslo, Paris, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna, Belgrade, Bratislava, Budapest, Ljubljana, Prague, Sarajevo, Warsaw, Zagreb	+1	Yes	Last Sun. Mar. (02:00)	Last Sun. Oct. (03:00)
03	Athens, Istanbul, Helsinki, Riga, Tallinn, Sofia, Vilnius	+2	Yes	Last Sun. Mar. (03:00)	Last Sun. Oct. (04:00)
04	Bucharest, Romania	+2	Yes	Last Sun. Mar. (03:00)	Last Sun. Oct. (04:00)
05	Cairo, Pretoria, Harare	+2	No		
06	Amman	+2	Yes	Last Thu. Mar. (23:59)	Last Fri. Oct. (01:00)
07	UTC (GMT)	0	No		
08	Kuwait City, Minsk, Kaliningrad	+3	No		
09	Praia, Cape Verde	-1	No		
10	UTC (GMT)	0	No		
11	Abu Dhabi, Muscat, Tbilisi, Moscow, St. Petersburg, Volgograd, Samara	+4	No		
12	Kabul	+4.5	No		
13	Adamstown (Pitcairn Is.)	-8	No		
14	Tashkent, Islamabad, Karachi	+5	No		
15	Mumbai, Calcutta, Madras, New Delhi, Colombo	+5.5	No		
16	Astana, Thimphu, Dhaka, Yekaterinburg	+6	No		
17	Bangkok, Hanoi, Jakarta, Novosibirsk	+7	No		
18	Beijing, Chongqing, Hong Kong, Singapore, Taipei, Urumqi, Krasnoyarsk	+8	No		
19	Tokyo, Osaka, Sapporo, Seoul, Irkutsk	+9	No		
20	Gambier Island	-9	No		
21	South Australia: Adelaide	+9.5	Yes	1 st Sun. Oct (02:00)	1 st Sun. Apr. (03:00)
22	Northern Territory: Darwin	+9.5	No		
23	Brisbane, Guam, Port Moresby, Yakutsk	+10	No		
24	Sydney, Canberra, Melbourne, Tasmania: Hobart	+10	Yes	1 st Sun. Oct. (02.00)	1 st Sun. Apr. (03:00)
25	UTC (GMT)	0	No		
26	UTC (GMT)	0	No		

Time zone entries in the standard time zone table (version 10.0).

27	Honiara (Solomon Is.), Noumea (New Caledonia), Vladivostok	+11	No		
28	Auckland, Wellington	+12	Yes	Last Sun. Sep. (02:00)	1 st Sun. Apr. (03:00)
29	Majuro (Marshall Is.), Magadan, Anadyr	+12	No		
30	Azores	-1	Yes	Last Sun. Mar. (00:00)	Last Sun. Oct. (01:00)
31	Middle Atlantic	-2	No		
32	Brasilia	-3	Yes	3 rd Sun. Oct. (00:00)	3 rd Sun. Feb. (00:00)
33	Buenos Aires	-3	No		
34	Newfoundland, Labrador	-3.5	Yes	2 nd Sun. Mar. (02:00)	1 st Sun. Nov. (02:00)
35	Atlantic Time (Canada)	-4	Yes	2 nd Sun. Mar. (02:00)	1 st Sun. Nov. (02:00)
36	La Paz	-4	No		
37	Bogota, Lima, Quito	-5	No		
38	New York, Eastern Time (US & Canada)	-5	Yes	2 nd Sun. Mar. (02:00)	1 st Sun. Nov. (02:00)
39	Chicago, Central Time (US & Canada)	-6	Yes	2 nd Sun. Mar. (02:00)	1 st Sun. Nov. (02:00)
40	Tegucigalpa, Honduras	-6	No		
41	Phoenix, Arizona	-7	No		
42	Denver, Mountain Time	-7	Yes	2 nd Sun. Mar. (02:00)	1 st Sun. Nov. (02:00)
43	Los Angeles, Pacific Time	-8	Yes	2 nd Sun. Mar. (02:00)	1 st Sun. Nov. (02:00)
44	Anchorage, Alaska (US)	-9	Yes	2 nd Sun. Mar. (02:00)	1 st Sun. Nov. (02:00)
45	Honolulu, Hawaii (US)	-10	No		
46	Midway Islands (US)	-11	No		
47	Mexico City, Mexico	-6	Yes	1 st Sun. Apr. (02:00)	Last Sun. Oct. (02:00)
48	Adak (Aleutian Is.)	-10	Yes	2 nd Sun. Mar. (02:00)	1 st Sun. Nov. (02:00)
49	UTC (GMT)	0	No		
50	UTC (GMT)	0	No		
51	UTC (GMT)	0	No		
52	UTC (GMT)	0	No		
53	UTC (GMT)	0	No		
54	Scoresbysund, Greenland	-1	Yes	Last Sun. Mar. (00:00)	Last Sun. Oct. (01:00)
55	Nuuk, Greenland	-3	Yes	Last Sat. Mar. (22:00)	Last Sat. Oct. (23:00)
56	Qaanaaq, Greenland	-4	Yes	2 nd Sun. Mar. (02:00)	1 st Sun. Nov. (02:00)
57	Western Australia: Perth	+8	No		
58	Caracas	-4.5	No		
59	CET standard time	+1	No		
60	Santiago, Chile	-4	Yes	2 nd Sun. Oct. (00:00)	2 nd Sun. Mar. (00:00)
61	Chile, Easter Island	-6	Yes	2 nd Sat. Oct. (22:00)	2 nd Sat. Mar. (22:00)
62	Baku	+4	Yes	Last Sun. Mar. (04:00)	Last Sun. Oct. (05:00)
63	UTC (GMT)	0	No		
64	UTC (GMT)	0	No		

In countries where the DST switch date changes annually (e.g. Iran, Israel), the time zone has to be defined manually in the user time zone table (entries 80 – 99).

Legend:			
UTC:	Universal Time Coordinate, equivalent to GMT		
DST:	Daylight Saving Time		
DST Change:	Daylight Saving Time changeover		
Standard \rightarrow DST:	Time change from Standard time (Winter time) to Summer time		
DST \rightarrow Standard:	Time change from Summer time to Standard time (Winter time)		

Example: 2nd last Sun. Mar. (02:00)

Switch over on the penultimate Sunday in March at 02.00 hours local time



The Time Zone Table is usually updated every year. The current table is available for download under the following address: www.mobatime.com \rightarrow Customer Area \rightarrow Customer Support \rightarrow Support Resources \rightarrow Software Tools \rightarrow Time Zone Table. In case your device is equipped with a newer version than shown in this manual, the current time zone settings should be checked.

16 Character set

Code page 1250

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17 Additional information

17.1 Accessories - single-sided clock

 Allen key for unlocking and locking the frame catch Instruction manual Additional spacers Wood screws for fixing the anchoring plate inclusive dowels 		1 pc 1 pc 3 pcs 3 pcs
17.2	Accessories - double side clock	
	 Allen key for unlocking and locking the frame catch and the suspension 	1 pc

Instruction manual 1 pc
Wood screws for fixing the suspension 4 pcs including dowels

17.3 Cleaning

Clean surface of clock only. Use soft rags and antistatic detergents. Don't use synthetics.

17.4 Disposal of used batteries



The user is lawfully obligated to return unusable batteries. Disposal of used batteries through household waste is prohibited! Batteries which contain dangerous substances are labelled with a picture of a crossed out trash bin. The symbol means that this product may not be disposed through household waste. Below the symbol, the dangerous substance is indicated with an abbreviation: Cd = Cadmium, Hg = Quicksilver, Pb = Lead. Unusable batteries can be returned free of charge at appropriate collection points of your waste disposal company or at shops that sell batteries. By doing so, you fulfill your legal responsibilities and help protect the environment.

17.5 Guarantee and maintenance

- The device is intended for a normal operational environment according to the corresponding standard.
- The following circumstances are excluded from the guarantee:
 - inappropriate handling or interventions
 - chemical influences
 - mechanical defects
 - external environmental influences (natural catastrophes)
- Repairs during and after the guarantee period are assured by the manufacturer.

18.1 Standard design of the clock

Specifications		DK.57.4	DK.57.6
D: 1	height of the digits	57	57 / 38
Display	number of digits	4	4 + 2
Time display format	HH:MM	\checkmark	
	HH.MM:ss		\checkmark
	HH:MM:SS		\checkmark
Date display format	DD.MM	\checkmark	
	DD.MM.yy		\checkmark
	DD.MM.YY		\checkmark
	100-240 V, 50-60 Hz	\checkmark	✓
Powering	24 V= ± 20%	\checkmark	✓
	PoE (IEEE 802.3 af-Class 0)	\checkmark	\checkmark
Power	single-sided	8 VA	8 VA
consumption (red, green	single-sided PoE	7 VA	7 VA
and amber	double-sided	15 VA	15 VA
color display)	double-sided PoE	14 VA	14 VA
Power consumption	single-sided	8 VA	11 VA
(blue and pure green)	double-sided	15 VA	19 VA
Reserve capacity	passive (time + data)	6 years (except PoE version)	
Accuracy at 20 °C	without synchronization	±0,3 sec/day	
Accuracy of temp.	-25+80 °C	±0,5 °C	
measurement in range	-50+125 °C	±2,0 °C	
Scope of the operating temp.		0 to + 50 °C, relative humidity 0 - 95%, without condensation	
Protection degree		IP 40, optionally IP 54	
Mainhtin In	single-sided design	1.4	1.8
Weight in kg	double-sided design	2.6	3
Dimensions	single-sided design	700x118x39	780x118x39
(W x H x D) mm	double-sided design	700x118x78	780x118x78
Accessories:			
DCF 4500 radio signal receiver		\checkmark	\checkmark
GPS 4500 recei	ver	\checkmark	\checkmark
Temperature se	nsor IP66	\checkmark	\checkmark
Keyboard for sto	opwatch control, cable 5 m		\checkmark
IR remote control			\checkmark

18.2 Voltage range and electric current consumption of the lines

Type of slave line	Voltage range	Electric current consumption
MOBALine	5 – 30 VAC	6 – 34 uA
MIN, CODE	+- 12 – 30 V	10 – 18 mA
MIN, CODE (on request)	+- 30 – 60 V	10 – 18 mA
IRIG B	20 mVpp – 2 Vpp	20 uA – 2 mA



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